

Current activities at the IGN/JPL DORIS data Analysis Center

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In 2001, IGN and JPL decided to join efforts in order to develop a more operational DORIS data analysis center for research activities, using the JPL Gipsy-Oasis II software.

Available products

At present, DORIS data from all satellites available at CDDIS are processed on a daily basis using a multi-satellite processing strategy.

Scientific products presently available from 1992 to 2001 :

(cddis.gsfc.nasa.gov/pub/doris/products/ign)

- weekly SINEX files (stations positions and Earth Rotation Parameters)
- monthly SINEX files (stations positions and Earth Rotation Parameters)
- complete EOP series (daily solutions)
- geocenter variations derived from weekly solutions
- geocenter variations derived from monthly solutions

- scale factor derived from weekly solutions
- scale factor derived from monthly solutions

Available soon :

- global solution in SINEX file (stations positions and velocities)
- precise orbits in sp1 format (for all available satellites)

Description of the estimation strategy

- DORIS data are downloaded from CDDIS and archived on a daily basis
- DORIS data are processed on a daily basis using all satellites in the same adjustment using free network approach: estimating simultaneously orbits, stations positions, EOP using loose constrains (10 m a priori for stations positions)
 - ➔ daily SINEX files
- Daily SINEX files are combined to provide weekly (resp. monthly) solutions without any additional constrain
 - ➔ weekly (resp. monthly) SINEX files
- Weekly/monthly SINEX files are
 - projected (reference frame)
 - transformed in ITRF2000 using the best possible position/velocity information

Advantages of the method:

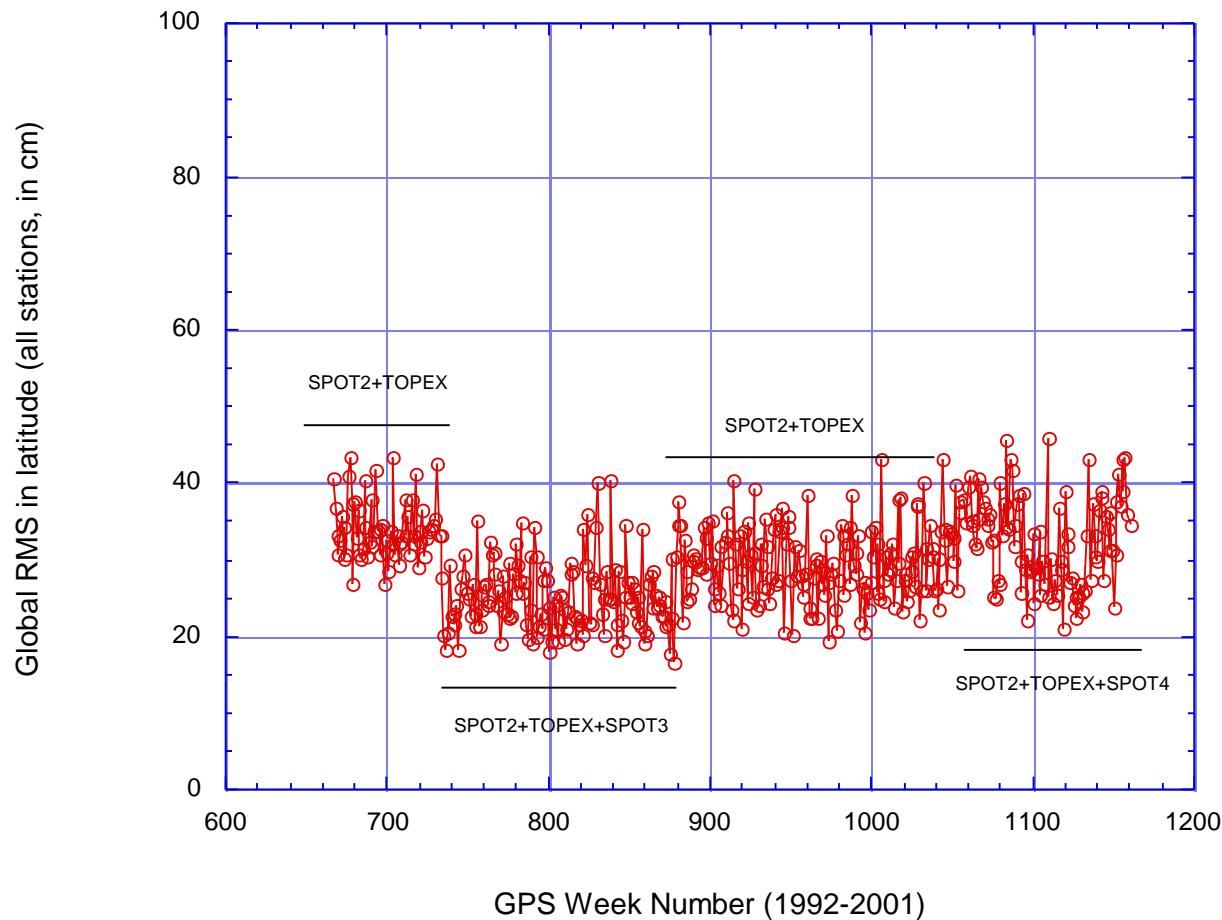
Easily automated process (daily/weekly/monthly/global)

Only loose constraints added

➔ results can be used directly for Terrestrial Reference Frame Studies with other DORIS solutions as well as with different techniques (GPS, VLBI, SLR)

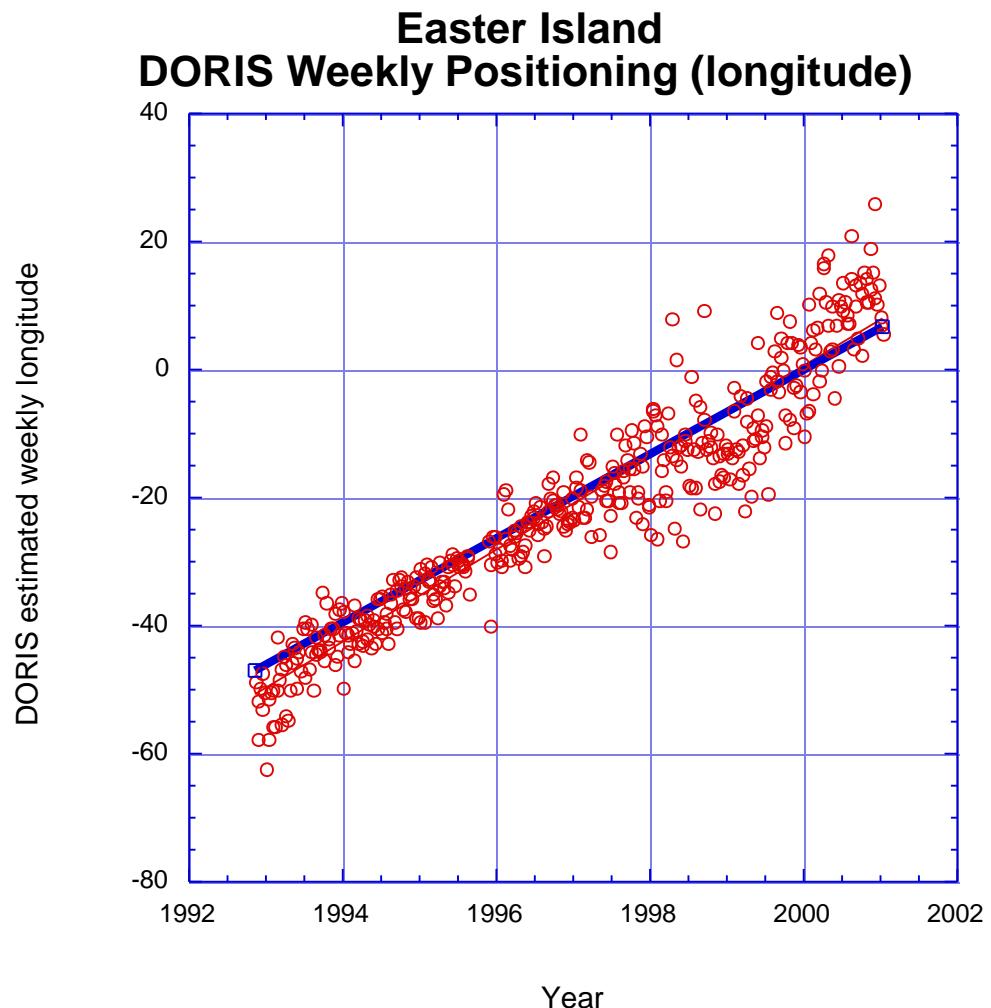
Each point corresponds to the comparison of a weekly sinex solution (positions of all DORIS stations) towards a global solution (position/velocity) at the epoch of the measurements

Weekly DORIS positioning residuals (latitude, all stations)

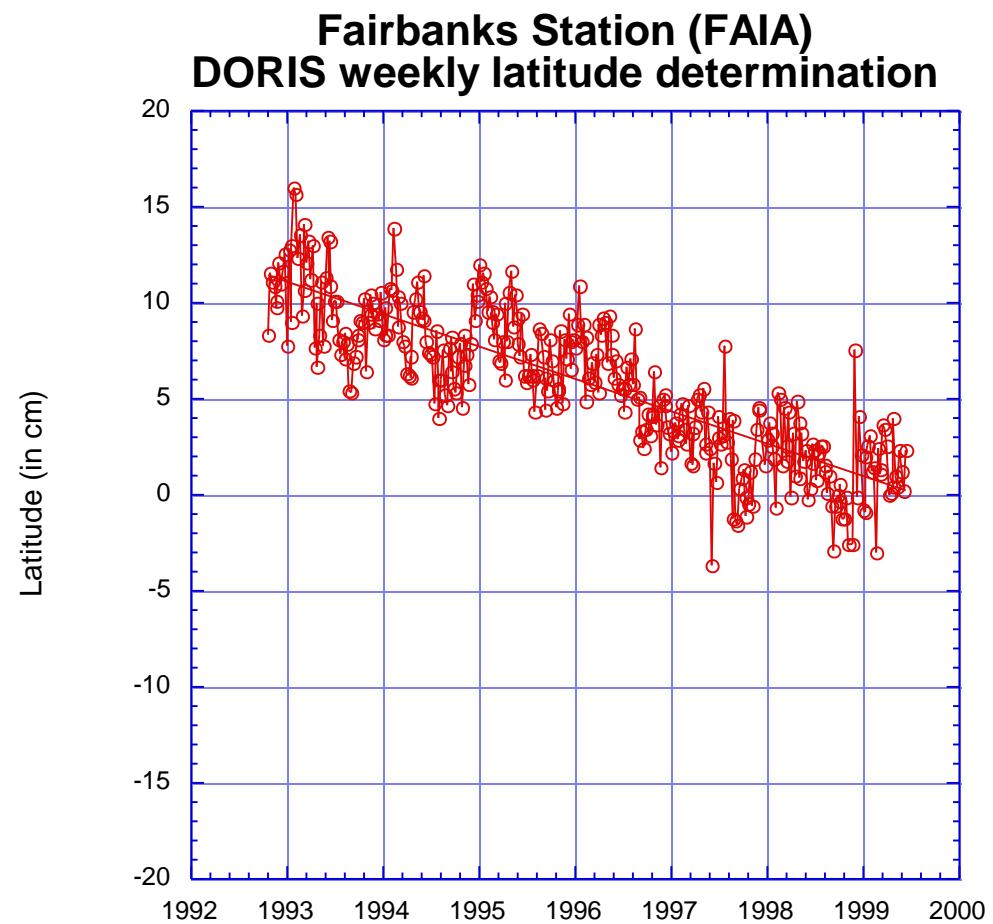


—○— DORIS estimated weekly longitude
—■— ITRF-2000 velocity

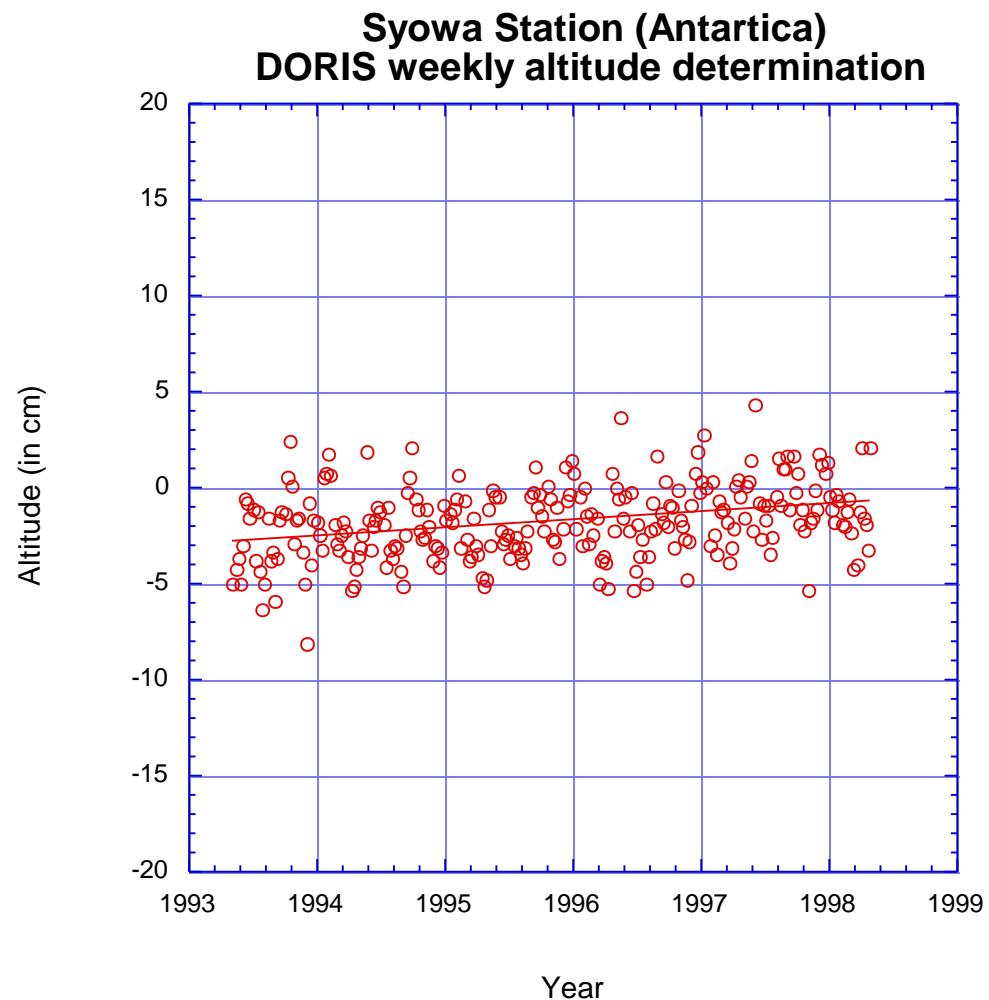
Estimated DORIS slope = 65.9 mm/year
ITRF-2000 velocity = 66.4 mm/s
NUVEL1-A velocity = 67.4 mm/year



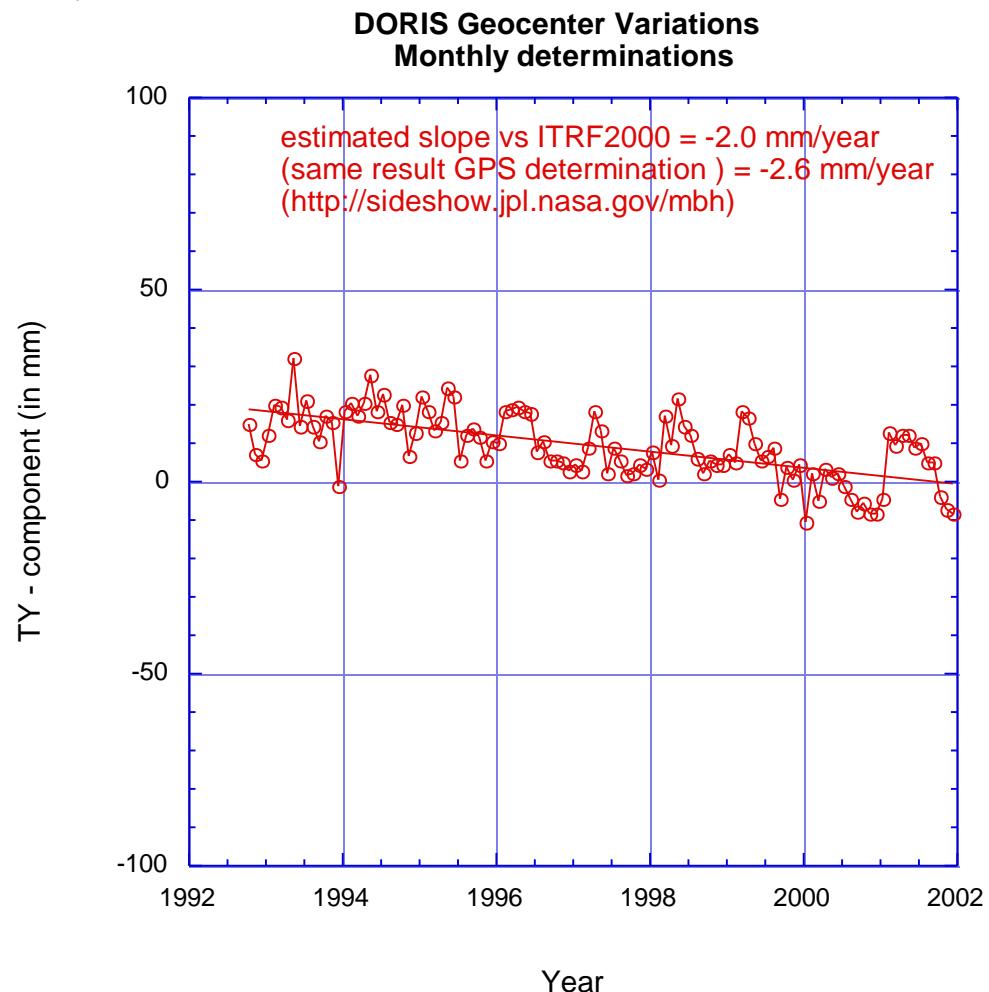
estimated slope = -16.9 mm/year
ITRF2000 estimated velocity = -8.7 mm/year
GPS/JPL estimated velocity = 8.5 mm/year
(<http://sideshow.jpl.nasa.gov/mbh>)



estimated slope = + 4.2 mm/year
ITRF2000 vertical velocity = + 2.1 mm/year
post-glacial rebound model = + 2.1 mm/year

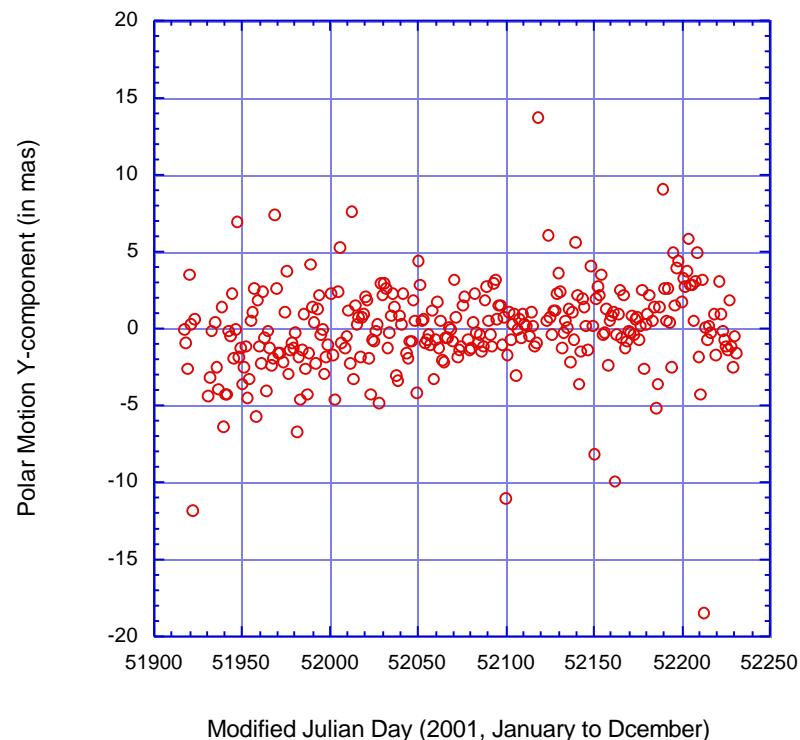


Each point corresponds to the estimated TY translation
between the weekly free network solution
and the global reference frame solution in ITRF2000
at the epoch of the measurements



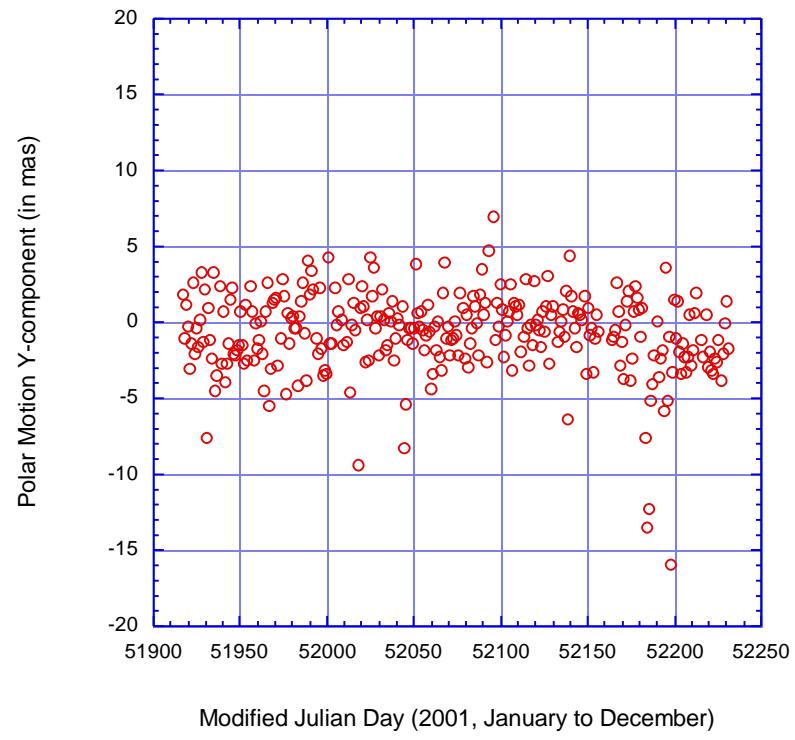
RMS = 3.2 mas

DORIS EOP compared to IGS SPOT4 only



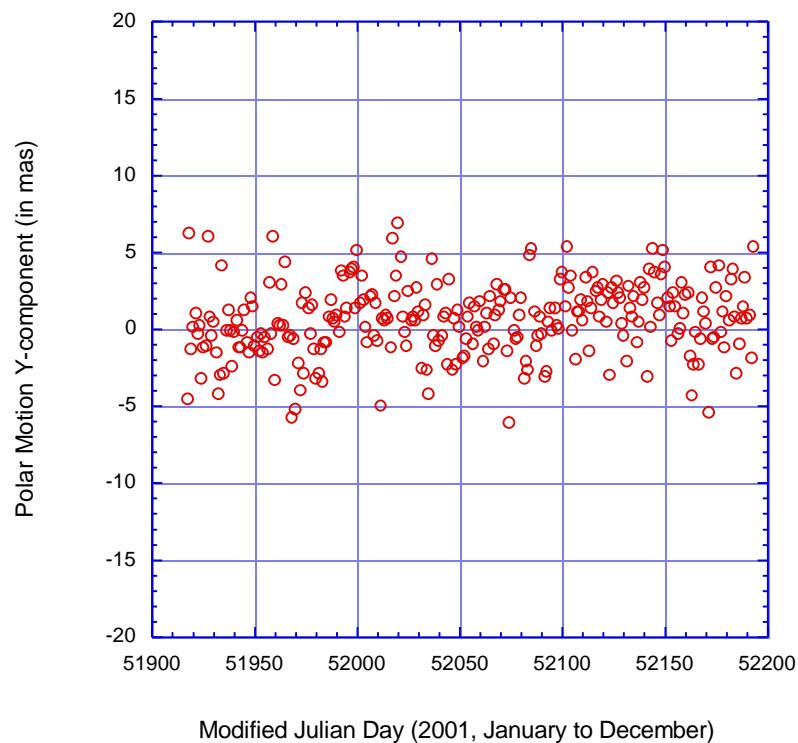
RMS = 2.8 mas

DORIS EOP compared to IGS SPOT2 only



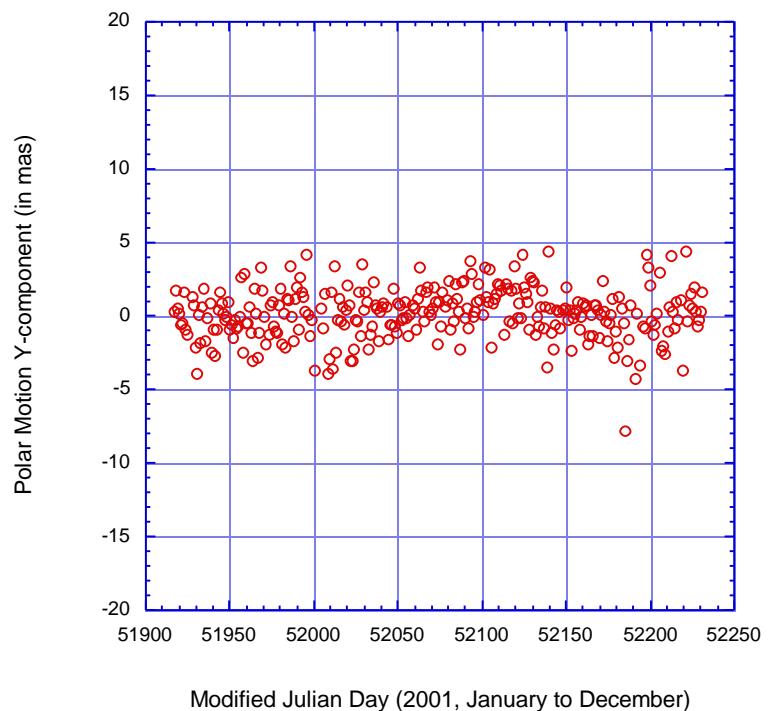
RMS = 2.4 mas

**DORIS EOP compared to IGS
TOPEX/POSEIDON only**



RMS = 1.7 mas

**DORIS EOP compared to IGS
SPOT2+SPOT4+TOPEX**



Daily orbits are computed over 30 hr arc
(from 21:00 the day before to 03:00 the day after)
Each point corresponds to a RMS difference over the 6 hr common period
between 2 consecutive orbit arcs

